

## Early Spring (April)

- Test your soil.
- If tests indicates, add compost, lime and other soil amendments.
- Start new compost bin/pile.
- Remove leaves and add to compost bin.
- Apply corn gluten for crabgrass control. Do not apply at same time as seeding.

## Late Spring (May-Fune)

- Rake to remove thatch build-up
- Re-seed bare patches and topdress with ½" compost
- Sharpen mower blade if needed and reset height to 3 inches
  - Leave clippings on the lawn
- Apply compost tea
  - Pull weeds by hand or treat with white vinegar

- Plant native, drought-tolerant
- plants
- Mulch gardens
- Top-dress lawn with ½" compost
  Aerate and water compost pile
  Before Memorial Day, no need to
  water in average years
  After Memorial Day, conduct
  Walk Test and water if thirsty



#### Summer (Fuly - August)

### Fall (September - October)

# Fall is the best time to start or renovate a lawn!

- Allow grass to go dormant during dry summer days
- Aerate and water compost pile
- If grubs, treat with beneficial nematodes
- Routinely conduct Walk Test and water if thirsty (but obey watering bans)
- Continue to pull weeds of treat with white vinegar

- Sharpen mower blades and keep height to 3 inches
- Leave clippings on the lawn
  Apply corn gluten to control next
  year's crabgrass (do not apply at
  same time as seeding)
- Overseed with drought-tolerant grass seed (includes mostly tall fescue seeds)
- Do last mowing of the season at 2" height

- Top-dress lawn with ½" compost
- Aerate compacted areas
  - Rake leaves; use as mulch and/or add to compost

Until Labor Day, conduct Walk Test and water if thirsty (obey watering bans)

After Labor Day, no need to water in average years